



## Arrestasies vir verkeersoortredings / Isigunyaziso sokubanjwa / Warrants of Arrest for Traffic Offences

'n Lasbrief word gemagtig indien 'n oortreder nie 'n verkeersoortreding betaal het of in die munisipale verkeershof op die hofdatum verskyn het nie. Oortreders kan gearresteer en voor die munisipale hof gebring word sodra die lasbrief gemagtig is.

'n Administrasienota word teen die oortreders se naam aangeteken en op die nasionale Natis-sisteem geblokkeer sodat die voertuigeienaar nie sy voertuig- of bestuurslisensie kan hernu nie.

Die Verkeersdepartement doen egter 'n beroep aan die publiek om die George Verkeersdienste te kontak om reëlings te tref vir betaling van lasbriewe, of om 'n hofverskyning te reël, voordat 'n arrestasie by 'n oortreder se huis of werksplek gemaak word.

Die George Verkeersdepartement is tans besig om oortreders met lasbriewe te kontak en maak 'n beroep op sodanige motoriste om na die Verkeersdepartement in Pacaltsdorp te gaan om uitstaande boetes te betaal om arrestasie te vermy.

**Telefoniese navrae kan gerig word aan 044 878 2400 (8am-4nm)**

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A Warrant of arrest is authorized when an offender was issued with a summons by Traffic and Law enforcement officers, did not pay it, or fail to appear in the Municipal Traffic Court on the Court date. Offenders can be arrested once a Warrant of arrest is authorized and brought before the Municipal Court.

An administration mark is put against the offender's name, which will be blocked on the Natis System and prevent the owner of renewing their vehicle or drivers' licence.

The Traffic Department however urges the public to contact George Traffic Services to make arrangements for paying of their outstanding Warrants of Arrest or to

appear in the Municipal Court before an arrest is taking place at the offender's workplace or residence.

The George Traffic Department are currently busy contacting offenders with outstanding Warrants of arrest and urged motorists to come to the Traffic office in Pacaltsdorp office to pay outstanding fines and to avoid an arrest.

**Telephone queries can be made on 044 8782400 (8am-4pm)**

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Isigunyaziso sokubanjwa sigunyaziswa xa umaphuli-mthetho enikwa incwadi embizayo ngamagosa onyanzeliso loMthetho wezeNdlela, engakhange ayihlawule, okanye asilele ukuvela ngomhla omisiweyo eNkundleni kaMasipala. Abaphuli-mthetho bangabanjwa ukuba isigunyaziso sokubanjwa sigunyazisiwe kwaye siziswe ngaphambili kweNkundla kaMasipala.

Uphawu lolawulo lubekwa ngokuchasene negama lomophuli-mthethi, eliya kuvalwa kwinkqubo ye-Natis kwaye lithintele umnini ekuhlaziyeni izithuthi zabo okanye ilayisenzi yokuqhuba.

ISebe lezeNdlela libongoza uLuNtu ukuba luqhagamshelane neenkonzo zezithuthi zeseGeorge lenze amalungiselelo okuhlawula izigunyaziso zabo zokubanjwa okanye bavele kwiNkundla kaMasipala phambi kokuba babanjwe apho basebenza khona okanye kwindawo bahlala kuzo.

ISebe lezeNdlela laseGeorge ngoku lixakeke ngokunxibelelana nabaphuli-mthetho abanezigunyaziso zokubanjwa emagameni abo, kwaye libongoza abaqhubi beemoto ukuba beze kwii-ofisi zezendlela ePacaltsdorp ukuzokuhlawula imali engekahlawulwa phambi kokuba babanjwe.

**044 8782400 (8am- 4pm)**

**George Municipality has a new GENERAL EMAIL address for all general enquiries! gmun@george.gov.za Please ensure that you include your contact details as well as full details of your query and/or complaint / George-munisipaliteit het 'n nuwe ALGEMENE E-posadres vir alle algemene navrae! gmun@george.gov.za Maak asseblief seker dat u u kontakbesonderhede sowel as volledige besonderhede van u navraag en / of klagte insluit.**

# Factors encouraging baboon raids in George / Faktore wat bobbejaanaanvalle in George aanmoedig

**Residents have experienced baboon encounters near their residences in the problematic areas, at least once, with rummaging through rubbish bags, searching for food and passing through private property being the predominant reported activities.**

Refuse bags were the primary target of baboon raids as well as the item most often damaged, followed by objects such as gutters, washing lines and fruit trees. Blue and green bags containing non-food items are almost never torn open. Consequently, open access to garbage and the presence of fruit trees were the most significant factors increasing the likelihood of baboon damage on their property.

The presence and type of fences were found to have a weak effect on deterring them. The placing of refuse bags outside on the sidewalk, the previous night or early the morning should stop and bags must preferably only be put out as close to collection time on your date of collection.

## **Recommendations**

Human-wildlife conflicts raise real challenges and no single act can be seen as the miracle solution. Translocations and elimination of problem animals have sometimes yielded satisfying short term results but rarely solved the problem. Further, aggressive responses to problem animals (i.e. shooting, threatening) often result in transferring the problem to neighbours.

It has also been reported to increase aggressive behaviours from wildlife towards humans (and between humans), worsening the situation. Proactive collaborative solutions such as improved waste management and adapted farming and gardening practices at the edge of urban areas can offer longer term options to ease human-baboon coexistence.

The Department of Nature Conservation and George Municipality endeavours to preserve any wildlife existence, and we recognise the fact that some residential developments and established areas are unfortunately in areas previously frequented by Wildlife.

While we try to preserve wildlife, we are obliged by the Animal Cruelty Act, Nature conservation act, and other legislation to use humane actions when trying to keep baboons away from the areas.

**We also request that all complaints regarding Baboons or monkeys are reported to our office at 044 801 6350 during weekdays and 044 801 6300 after hours and weekends.**

**We request that people do not confront baboons or block their exit/escape in any way, or use any method of catching, maiming, injure, hurt or killing the Primates**



**Inwoners het al ten minste een bobbejaanontmoeting naby hul wonings in die problematiese gebiede ervaar, terwyl hulle deur die vullissakke gekrap het, kos gesoek het en deur 'n privaat erf deurgeloopt het.**

Vullissakke was die primêre teken vir bobbejaanaanvalle, sowel as die voorwerp wat meestal beskadig is, gevolg deur voorwerpe soos geute, wasgoedlyne en vrugtebome. Blou en groen sakke wat nie voedsel bevat nie, word amper

nooit oopgeskeur nie. Gevolglik was oop toegang tot vullis en die aanwesigheid van vrugtebome die belangrikste faktore wat die waarskynlikheid van bobbejaanbeskadiging op hul eiendom verhoog het. Daar is gevind dat die teenwoordigheid en tipe heinings die afskrikmiddel daarvan swak beïnvloed. Die uitsit van vullissakke buite op die sypaadjie, die vorige nag of vroeg in die oggend, moet stop en sakke moet verkieslik eers na aan oplaai tyd, op die datum van afhaling uitgesit word.

## **Aanbevelings**

Konflik tussen die mens en die natuur bied werklike uitdagings aan en geen enkele oplossing kan as 'n wondermiddel gesien word nie. Translokasies en die uitskakeling van probleemdiere het soms bevredigende resultate op kort termyn opgelewer, maar die probleem is selde opgelos. Verder lei aggressiewe reaksies op probleemdiere (dit wil sê skiet, dreig) dikwels die probleem na die bure oor. Daar is ook berig dat dit toeneem aggressiewe gedrag van natuurlewe teenoor mense (en tussen mense), wat die situasie vererger.

Proaktiewe samewerkingsoplossings, soos verbeterde afvalbestuur en aangepaste boerdery- en tuinboupraktyke aan die rand van stedelike gebiede, kan langtermyn-opsies bied om die samesyn tussen mens en bobbejaan te vergemaklik.

Die Departement van Natuurbewaring en die George-munisipaliteit streef daarna om enige natuurlewe te bewaar, en ons erken dat sommige residentiële ontwikkelings en gevestigde gebiede ongelukkig in gebiede is wat voorheen deur Wildlife besoek is. Terwyl ons probeer om wild te bewaar, is ons deur die Wet op Dieremishandeling, Wet op Natuurbewaring en ander wetgewing verplig om menslike optrede te gebruik wanneer ons probeer om bobbejane weg te hou van die gebiede.

**Ons versoek ook dat alle klagtes rakende bobbejane of ape gedurende weksdae by ons kantoor aangemeld word by 044 801 6350 en na ure en naweke 044 801 6300.**

**Ons vra dat mense nie bobbejane moet konfronteer of hul uitgang / ontsnapping op enige manier moet blokkeer nie, of enige metode moet gebruik om die Primates te vang, vermink, beseer, seermaak of doodmaak nie.**

